

THE DAILY KENTUCKY YEOMAN.

VOL. IX.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the Senate
and House of Representatives:

In assembling at the Capitol for the purpose of transacting the business of your constituents, I have abundant cause to congratulate you. The industry and the energy of our people have been amply rewarded during the last year. Our recovery from the late revulsion has been rapid beyond the expectations of the most sanguine; confidence has been restored—trade has revived, and our State is in a highly prosperous condition. In returning thanks to God for his multiplied blessings, we should seek from Him wisdom, and ask His guidance in the faithful discharge of our duties. Relying upon the intelligence of the people, and upon your wisdom, patriotism, and fidelity to them, I am happily relieved from the necessity of an elaborate discussion of any question, and I shall proceed in the conscientious discharge of a duty imposed upon me by the Constitution, to present to you in as condensed and compact a form as possible the condition of the State, with such recommendations as seem to me expedient.

FINANCES.

Below I submit to you a statement of the finances of the State for the fiscal years 1858 and 1859. It will be seen from the Auditor's report, that the taxable property of the State, for the year ending 10th October, 1859, was \$493,499,363, and exceeded that of the previous year by \$28,480,550, and that the balance remaining in the Treasury on the 10th of October, 1859, was \$136,463 47, nearly all of which sum belonged to the Auditor's statement, to the Sinking Fund.

REVENUE PROPER.

Below I submit to you a statement of the Taxable property—Total val'n for 1858. \$464,928,513 Total val'n for 1859. 493,469,363

Increase over 1858. \$28,480,550

Total receipts for the year 1858. \$1,063,001 18 Balance in Treasury 10th Oct., 1857. 40,141 83

Making. \$1,065,443 01 Expenses for the year 1858. 1,069,415 45

Balance in the Treasury 10th Oct., 1858. \$36,797 53 Total receipts for the year 1859. 93,623 27

Making. \$1,060,399 53 Expenses for the year 1859. 83,587 38

Balance in the Treasury 10th Oct., 1859. \$136,463 47

The last year's revenue is not collected as closely as usual, which may account for the small sum above mentioned belonging to the revenue proper, but I am informed by the Auditor it is all in a proper train to be closed, and will be speedily done.

SINKING FUND.

The balance on the 10th October, 1859, in the Treasury, not embraced in the above statement, belonging to the Sinking Fund proper, which should be added to that from the revenue proper, as above stated, is \$208,055 25. Then add the outstanding loan at 6 per cent to individuals, under the act of the Legislature, due the 10th October, 1859, \$414,527, and you have the whole amount of the Sinking Fund proper, \$758,283 28.

SINKING FUND PROPER.

Total receipts for the year 1858. \$644,905 00 Balance in Treasury 10th October, 1857. 19,099 09

Making. \$694,004 09 Expenses for the year 1858. 622,840 21

Leaving balance in Treasury 10th Oct., '58. \$41,163 88 Receipts for the year 1859. 572,577 29

Making. \$614,041 17 Expenses for the year 1859. 465,955 92

Leaving in the Treasury 10th Oct., 1859. \$308,635 25 Add that due from Revenue Department as above. 133,701 03

Sinking Fund loan on the 10th Oct., 1859, outstanding. 414,527 00

Total amount Sinking Fund 10th Oct., 1859. \$758,283 28

It is the opinion of the Auditor that this sum will be increased from the uncollected balances of the past fiscal year. The resources of the Sinking Fund are as follows:

1st. Tax on the capital stock of the Bank of Kentucky.

Tax on the capital stock of the Northern Bank of Kentucky.

Tax on the capital stock of the Bank of Louisville.

Tax on the capital stock of the Southern Bank of Kentucky.

Tax on the capital stock of the Deposit Banks.

Dividends on 7,000 shares stock in Bank of Kentucky.

Dividends on 2,399 shares stock in Bank of Kentucky.

Dividends on 2,500 shares stock in Northern Bank.

Dividends on 6,000 shares stock in Southern Bank.

Dividends on Stock in Turnpike roads and profits on stocks of internal improvements.

4th. Dividends on 400 shares stock in Northern Bank of Kentucky.

Dividends on 400 shares stock in Bank of Louisville.

5th. Bonds of sales, water leases, &c., on slack water improvements.

6th. Leases of the Penitentiary.

7th. Five cent revenue tax.

8th. Tax on Brokers and Insurance offices.

9th. Interest on loan to keeper of Kentucky Penitentiary.

10th. Proceeds of the Commonwealth Bank, and stock in the old Bank of Kentucky.

11th. Proceeds of the State Lands and escheats.

12th. Interest on \$74,519 50 bonds in Railroad, Louisville to Frankfort.

13th. Dividend on 2,178 shares of stock in Frankfort and Lexington Railroad Company.

14th. Excess in the Treasury over \$10,000.

15th. Tax on playing cards.

16th. Tax on stock in Louisville and Frankfort Railroad.

17th. Interest on Sinking Fund loans.

The fund is accomplishing the great purpose for which it was created, to-wit, the payment of the principal and interest of the State debt as it falls due. One hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the above sum will be applied to the payment of the bonds of the State which fall due on the 1st day of January next, and the means are on hand to pay the semi-annual interest due on the State debt the 1st of January next, which will be promptly done. The balance which remains should be devoted to the extinguishment of our outstanding debts, as fast as they can be obtained, rather than run the hazard of loaning it to individuals under the art referred to, or to banks. It is of the first importance to extinguish the State debt as speedily as possible, and whenever we have the means to do it.

The following is a statement of the interest on the State debt, due semi-annually.

Annual interest on 6 per cent. bonds. \$188,738 44

Annual interest on 5 per cent. bonds. 86,635 94

Total interest paid annually. \$275,421 94

Semi-annual interest. \$137,710 97

The State has issued bonds to the Southern Bank for \$600,000, the interest on same being paid regularly by the Bank.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

As part of the resources of the State, the following stocks are owned by the State in works of internal improvement, amounting in the aggregate to \$4,330,474 99, (exclusive of the stock held by the State in the Frankfort and Lexington Railroad, and the bond upon the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad,) the actual value of which does not exceed \$1,000,000; but the people are somewhat compensated for the loss by the benefits received by those in whose neighborhood the improvements were made:

Amount of stock owned by the State in the following improvements.

Kentucky river navigation. \$901,023 70

Green and Barren river navigation. 859,126 79

Licking river navigation. 372,520 70

Maysville, Washington, Paris and Lexington. 213,200 00

Franklin county, from Frankfort to Shelby county. 20,000 00

Turnpike road, Shelby county. 45,000 00

Muldrough's Hill and Bridge. 35,145 46

Franklin county, from Hardinsville to Crab Orchard.	17,064 00
Adams county, from Hardinsville to Crab Orchard.	42,355 00
Mercer county, from Hardinsville to Crab Orchard.	71,800 00
Lincoln county, from Hardinsville to Crab Orchard.	51,299 00
Frankfort, Lexington, and Versailles.	58,122 00
Daviess, Lancaster, Nicholasville, and Frankfort to Georgetown, (Franklin portion).	151,362 00
Frankfort to Georgetown, (Scott portion).	15,400 00
Washington and Lexington.	43,325 00
Covington, Williamstown, and Georgetown.	86,912 66
Williamstown and Georgetown.	83,223 11
Lexington and Georgetown.	33,323 11
Lexington to mouth of salt river.	65,340 99
Mouth of Salt river to Elizabethtown.	84,586 16
Elizabethtown to Bell's Tavern.	118,385 38
Bowling Green to Tennessee line.	55,383 00
Springfield and Bardstown.	87,194 16
Lexington, Harrodsburg, and Perryville.	65,190 60
Louisville and Bardstown.	109,606 00
Bardstown and Glasgow.	299,285 19
Glasgow to Tennessee line.	110,385 38
Maysville and the Steeple.	20,000 00
Lewis, Todd, and Christian.	149,429 91
Maysville and Bracken.	25,948 00
New Market, Lebanon, and Washington.	2,655 82

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Total.....

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DAILY KENTUCKY YEOMAN.
KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

TUESDAY, December 6, 1859.

Senate met at 10 o'clock, and was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. THARP, of the Baptist Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

C. J. WALTON, Senator from Green, Hart, and Taylor, appeared and took the oath of office.

PETITIONS.

The following were presented and referred to the appropriate committee:

Mr. RUST presented the petition of sundry citizens of Greenup and Lawrence counties, praying the formation of a new county.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

A committee from the House announced that the House was convened already to receive any communication the Governor might see cause to present.

LEAVE TO INTRODUCE BILLS.

Mr. MARSHALL—a bill providing for a conventional rate of interest. Referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Marshall and Whittaker.

THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Mr. COSEY offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That this body regret the absence of the Hon. Lam Boyd, Lieutenant Governor of Kentucky, from his place in the Senate, and deeply sympathize with him in his affliction, whereby the State is, for the time being, deprived of his eminent abilities in her councils.

Resolved, That the Speaker be requested to forward a copy of these resolutions to the Hon. Lam Boyd.

M. GRUNDY offered a resolution tendering the Bill to the State Agricultural Society tomorrow after adjournment. Adopted.

Mr. DARNABY—A bill to amend the charter of the city of Lexington. Referred to the Judicial Committee.

Mr. DARNABY asked leave to bring in a bill to enable the Scott County Court to transfer to Georgetown, and Paris Turnpike Company, the Union of the road built by the Georgetown & Lexington Turnpike Company, lying east of Georgetown. Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. COSBY—a bill for the benefit of the Sheriff of McLean county. Referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Cosby, Read, and Clark.

Mr. GROVER offered a resolution to appoint a committee, consisting of one Senator from each congressional district, for the purpose of distributing the State into thirty-eight Senatorial districts, apportioning the Representatives as required by the Constitution.

Mr. WHITAKER—A bill to amend the charter of the town of Shelbyville. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. LYONS—a bill for the benefit of the Mason Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Kentucky. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. GRUNDY—a bill regulating the holding of the County Court of Washington County. Referred to the Committee on County Courts.

Mr. CISELL asked leave to introduce a bill to incorporate the town of Unontown, Union county. Referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Cissel, Marshall, and Cosby.

Mr. WHITAKER asked leave to introduce a bill to change the time of holding the Circuit Courts in the several Judicial Districts, and also to add an additional week to the Spring and Fall terms of the Shelby Circuit Court. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. RUST asked leave to introduce a bill to amend the laws in relation to free negroes. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. LYON asked leave to introduce a bill under the German Benevolent Stone-cutters' Society. Referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Pennebaker, Anthony, and Lyons.

Mr. ALEXANDER asked leave to introduce a bill to amend the Criminal Code of Practice. Referred to the Committee on Criminal, &c.

Mr. RUST asked leave to introduce a bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Ashland. Referred to the Committee on Banks.

Mr. BARRICK asked leave to introduce a bill to change the time of holding the Barren County Courts. Referred to the Legal Committee on County Courts.

Mr. GROVER asked leave to introduce a bill to remove from the State, or relate to a state of existence, all free persons of color in the Commonwealth. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. READ asked leave to introduce a bill to regulate the Courts of Justice of Peace to Quarterly Courts. Referred to the Circuit Courts. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. MCKEE asked leave to introduce a bill regulating the working of roads in the county of Monroe. Referred to Committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. GILLIS asked leave to introduce a bill to establish an additional Magistrate's precinct in Estill county. Referred to the Committee on Proprieties and Grievances.

MESSAGE FROM GOVERNOR.

Hon. Thos. B. Monroe, Jr., Secretary of State, was introduced and presented the message of the Governor.

He moved that the Message of the Governor be read.

Mr. CHAMBERS moved that the Public Printer furnish copies of the message for the use of the Senate.

Mr. RUST offered, as an amendment, that the Public Printer be ordered to furnish the Senate with two hundred copies for the use of each Senator.

Mr. WALTON moved, as a further amendment, that the copies of the message ordered for the use of the Senate be enveloped in wrappers.

The resolution, as amended, was unanimously adopted.

Mr. WAIT—a bill for the benefit of the clerk of the Pala-ki Circuit Court. Referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Wait, Gillis, and McBrayer.

Mr. PENNEBAKER asked leave of absence until Monday. Granted.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, Dec. 6, 1859.

The House met at 10 o'clock, and was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. LACEY, of the Presbyterian Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Messrs. U. C. SHERRILL, of Louisville, and R. J. JACOB, of Oldham, appeared and were qualified.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. HARRISON offered a resolution authorizing the Sergeant-at-Arms to buy a clock for the Representative Hall. Rejected.

PETITIONS.

The following petitions were presented and appropriately referred:

Mr. MCILROY—The petition of sundry citizens of Union, Henderson, and Hopkins counties, praying the formation of a new county out of parts of those counties.

Mr. CLEVELAND—The petition of Reuben Gill, of Bracken county, praying the right to peddle without license.

Mr. HAYNES—The petition of Nancy Dyer and J. R. Lucas, praying that the names of the infant children of Nancy Dyer may be changed.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. HILL, from the special committee appointed to wait on the Governor and inform him at the House was organized and ready to receive any communication from him, reported that he had performed that duty.

MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

A message in writing from the Governor was received through Thomas B. Monroe, Jr., Secretary of State, and read.

RESOLUTIONS.

MR. DOBYNS—
Resolved, That the Public Printer be authorized to print one hundred copies of the Governor's Message for the use of each member of this House. Passed.

MR. SNEED—
Resolved, That the use of this Hall be tendered to the Kentucky State Agricultural Society on to-morrow, and that when this House adjourns, it adjourns to meet on Thursday next at 10 o'clock. Passed.

The House then adjourned.

XXXVII CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.
Monday's Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.

SENATE.—The Senate was called to order at half past 1 o'clock P. M. by the Vice President. A prayer was then made by Dr. Gurley.

Forty-eight Senators were present. The credentials of John C. Ten Eyck, of N. J., and Henry P. Haun, of California, were presented; both appeared and were qualified.

The absentees were Messrs. Benjamin, Clay, Crittenden, Davis, Douglas, Fitch, Fitzpatrick, Hammond, Johnson, of Arkansas, Polk, Sebastian, Stewart, and Toombs.

Mr. Mason, of Virginia, submitted a resolution which he would call up to-morrow, for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the facts attending the late invasion and seizure of the army and arsenal at Harper's Ferry by a band of armed men, and report whether the same was attended by armed resistance to the authorities and public forces of the United States and the promiscuity of men to sympathize with the victim, glorify his act, and forget his crimes, is seen in the commiseration excited by the fate of John Brown. A felon's doom, his slain children, his disgraced family, and his single emotion of compassion for the oppressed, call forth a world of pity, and in the minds of multitudes shed a holy radiance around him, and obscure utterly the terrible offense of which, in the opinion of every reasonable person, he is guilty.

It is not because the laws of Virginia have convicted him of a capital crime, alone, that he ought to be condemned by every lover of his country. It was bad enough to foment servile war among the slaves and excite them to butcher their masters, to let loose all the hellish passions engendered by bondage, and plunge the domain of slavery into the horrors of a contest, whose progress, once begun, would have been marked by cruelties shocking to the most depraved; but his impious purpose had a deeper and darker dye. Had he succeeded in his fanatical attempt and kindled the flames of revolt throughout the entire South, he might have swept every slave from the border States, and set up the standard of rebellion wherever the cloak of a chain could be heard, but left our country unbroken in its integrity, our Union unimpaired, his guilt would have been comparatively light. But in thus ruthlessly breaking in upon the social system of a sister State, he struck a frenzied blow at the whole substrata of our Government.

Mr. Trumbo, of Illinois, gave notice that when the resolutions came up he should move to amend by extending the inquiry to the seizure of the arsenal at Franklin, Missouri.

The customary resolutions were adopted to inform the House of Representatives and the President that the Senate is ready for business.

Mr. Gwin gave notice of a Pacific Railroad bill.

The Senate then adjourned.

House.—First ballot for Speaker—Bocock 86, Sherman 65, Groves 42, Butler 14, Nelson 5, Gilmer 3, Davis 2, Haskin 2, Phillips, Corwin, Adrian, Hill, Hickman, Hemington, McQueen, H. F. Clarke 1, each.

No one having received a majority of the votes cast, Mr. Gwin rose and said: As I desire in no way to retard the organization of the House, I withdraw my name as a candidate. I assure those gentlemen who in kindness cast their votes for me, that I shall treasure through life the mark of a friend and regard.

Mr. Clark, of Missouri, wanted to make some remarks in favor of an adjournment after another vote.

Cries of "Go on."

Mr. Burnett objected to his proceeding, says there was no question before the House. He subsequently withdrew his objection, which was renewed by Mr. Washburne, of Illinois.

The Clerk said he should submit the question whether Mr. Clark should have liberty to proceed.

Mr. Burnett contended there was no power here to preclude debate, and said the gentleman had a right to show that there was some non-necessity for Speaker who should not be elected.

Mr. Clark insisted that the House could not deprive him of his constitutional right to speak.

The Clerk replied that he should not take upon himself the responsibility of deciding the question, but would submit it to the House.

Mr. Clark [earnestly]—I claim the right as an individual member to speak. I deny the power of the House to deprive me of that right. I decide for myself.

Cries of "Go on—Go on—Good."

Mr. Curtis—What part of the constitution do you refer to? If you have that right, I have also.

Cries, thick and fast—Call the roll—Call the roll.

Mr. Clark—I deny the right to call the roll, for I have the floor.

Cries of question, question, from the Republic side.

Mr. Kilgore presumed this matter could be settled. The Republicans would consent to an adjournment after another vote.

Here the cries of "Question" were renewed.

Mr. Clark renewed his application to make remarks, and offered the following:

Whereas, Certain members of this House, now in nomination for Speaker, did indorse and recommend the book hereinbefore named. Therefore,

Resolved, That the doctrines and sentiments of a certain book called "The Impending Crisis of the South, and How to Meet It," purporting to have been written by H. R. Helper, are incendiary and hostile to the domestic peace and tranquility of the country, and that no member of this House who recommended or indorsed it, or the compact fit to be Speaker of the House,

The reading of the resolution occasioned applause from some of the Northern men, who clapped their hands.

Mr. Stephens of Pa.—It seems to me that in the present condition of the House but two things are in order—one a motion to adjourn and the other to proceed to a vote.

Mr. Clark continued by saying, in view of a critical condition of the country, and representing, as he did, his holding constituency, he would.

Mr. W. S. Burrows called him to order.

Mr. Clark—We have had two wars since the Civil War. We have been in a constant struggle with our neighbors, and we have been successful.

Mr. Alexander—We have been in a constant struggle with our neighbors, and we have been successful.

Mr. Stanton interrupted, saying he apprehended nobody wished to stay here if the object was not to save time, but he saw no good in remaining here, as he knew gentlemen on the other side could consume the day.

Mr. Clark—My purpose is higher than that.

Cries from the Democratic side—Good, good—let's adjourn.

Mr. Clark was willing to give way for that purpose.

Mr. Stanton thought this line of discussion would be much more appropriate and better managed if the House were organized by the election of a presiding officer.

Mr. Washburne, of Maine, arose to a question, but Mr. Clark proposed to go on with his remarks, until a some gentleman wished to move to adjourn.

Mr. Stevens—I hope the House will not adjourn. These things must come out.

A voice—You're right.

Mr. Stanton—I see no good to be accomplished by remaining here, unless we proceed to vote. I take on myself the responsibility to move that the House adjourn.

Resolved, That we approve of the holding of a State Convention in Frankfort, on the 9th of January next, to send delegates to the National Convention at Charleston.

Resolved, That James Guthrie, the estimable citizen, wise statesman, true patriot, and reliable Democrat, is our choice for the Presidency of 1861, and our delegates to the Frankfort Convention are hereby instructed to take such steps as will secure his nomination at Charleston.

Resolved, That we will support the nominees of the Charleston Convention, and that from the Seventh and Eighth wards the following delegates be appointed:

Seventh Ward—Col. R. T. Durrett, Col. R. Brown, W. R. Jacob, Capt. Price, J. H. McCleary, Richard Donald, John G. Baker, W. M. Brown, John R. Smith, M. A. Walker, B. Mcatee, A. Sweeny, T. J. Amis, John Gill, Thos. J. Osborne, Walter W. Brown, H. C. Carath.

Eighth Ward—Capt. Lockhart, E. E. Levering, Capt. Jno. Martin, T. R. Parrett, Jos. Gault, Wm. Musselman, Wm. A. Duckwall, Harvey Newhall, Louis Ruth, Dr. McCollough, Wm. A. Martin, F. M. Estemacher, Henry Starr, W. Alexander, Louis Jacques, and any other Democrats from the Seventh and Eighth wards who may be present.

Resolved, That the Vandalia remarked that some Democrats were absent. Three of them might be here to-morrow. Therefore he voted aye.

Mr. Clark resumed, but in a tone not altogether audible. He wished to show why the resolution ought to pass, and to present to the American people the position certain gentlemen occupied as regards the Speakership. Heretofore the people were divided as Democrats and Whigs. There was a conservative and a fanatical feeling. There was a good deal of robbery, and dissidence. No party since this government has had a history, however fond of power, has had, until now, so much disregard to the popular will as to send forth to the country at large a document advising the dismemberment and murder of a large portion of the people.

Mr. Kilgore, of Ind., explained, and was understood to say that he condemned, as strongly as

the gentleman from Missouri possibly could, the avowal of such sentiments.

Mr. Burnett moved an adjournment, to be determined by yeas and nays.

Without concluding the consideration of the subject, the House adjourned.

John Brown.

Pl

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Smith, Judge Bodley, Ex-Gov. Morehead, Louisville,
Ky.; C. S. Bodley, Esq., Lexington, Ky.; Rev. J. W.
Worrell, Ex-Gov. of Kentucky; Dr. G. W. Moore,
Louisville; Hon. W. A. Lake, Vicksburg, Miss.; Geo.
Smedes, Esq., New Orleans, La.; W. H. Hurst, Esq.,
Jeffersonville, Ind. Sept 17 w&t-wf

Paris Citizen copy to amount of \$3 and charge
this office.

BOOK BINDING.

A. KEENON informs his friends and former
customers, that having regained his health, he
has now returned to his business, and is again
sold to him in November last, and will give his
whole attention to its management. He respectfully
solicts a continuance of the patronage heretofore
extended to the establishment.

M. F. CLERK will be furnished with RECORD
BOOKS suited to any pattern, and of the very best
quality of paper.

ALL BLANK BOOKS of every description, man-
ufactured at short notice to order, on reasonable
terms.

If Bindery at the old stand, over Harlan's Law
Office. Oct 23 w&t-wf

House and Lot for Sale.

I wish to sell my DWELLING HOUSE, situated in
South Frankfort, opposite the residence of Mr. E.
S. Colegate. The house is a good one-story frame
building, with a large lot.

I will also sell a vacant lot.

Oct 15 w&t-wf ISAAC WILLIAMS.

THE SPRING STYLE CASSIMERE HATS may
be obtained at
mark w&t-wm KEENON & CRUTCHERS.

NEW ARRIVAL OF

Fall & Winter Clothing.

Best Selected Stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

EVER BROUGHT TO

FRANKFORT.

SCHLOSS & GETZ have just received from their
manufacturing house in Cincinnati, the largest
and most complete stock of Fall and Winter
READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS,

AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

ever offered in Frankfort. They are all made ex-
pressly for this market, and we guarantee to set
as cheap as any goods of similar quality will sell.
Everybody is invited to call and examine for them-
selves, and if they wish to purchase, we feel assured
we can suit them both in price and fit.

Gentlemen wishing clothing for themselves, their
servants, or dependents, would do well to give us a call
before purchasing, either to us or to any of the
good Goods and as cheap as can be bought
anywhere.

SCHLOSS & GETZ,

Corner Main and St. Clair sts., Frankfort Ky.

Sept 10 w&t-wf

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY ARTICLES,

CAN BE OBTAINED AT

DR. MILL'S DRUGSTORE.

POADES FOR THE HAIR

Of every style and price at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store

TOOTH BRUSHES,

A beautiful assortment, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

COMBS

Of every description and material, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

HAIR BRUSHES.

The largest variety in Frankfort, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

ODONTALGIC PREPARATIONS.

Consisting of Tooth Soaps, Tooth Paste, Tooth Pow-
der, etc., at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

DOD GRASS BRUSHES.

For Cloth, Velvet and Bonnet purposes, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

FANCY SOAPS

FINE COLOGNE.

Of every price, of all shapes, colors, sizes and perfumes

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

FINE TOILET BOTTLES,

Beautiful styles of Bohemian, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

HANDKERCHIEF EXTRACTS.

The genuine Lubin's as well as a variety of other's
make, in new styles, and at all prices, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

EVERYTHING

In the line of Fancy and Toilet articles, that either
Ladies or Gentlemen can desire, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

FRANGIPANI SACHETS

To lay in drawers and perfume clothing, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

ADAMS EXPRESS CO.

111 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Office at Gwin & Owen's Hardware Store.

G. W. OWEN Agent.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.—County, SS.

A STATEMENT respecting the affairs of the

Adams Express company, made pursuant to an
act of the Legislature of Kentucky, entitled, "An act
declaring said Companies to be common carriers, and
providing for the safety of articles entrusted to their
care."

The genuine Lubin's as well as a variety of other's
make, in new styles, and at all prices, at

Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

OUR SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY,

CLASS 51,

CAPITAL PRIZE \$10,000.

Draws on Saturday, December 17, 1859.

Whole Tickets \$20; Halves \$10; Quarters \$5.

Prizes Payable in Full, without Deduction.

Purchasers in buying 10 Tickets, when the numbers
end in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, are guaranteed
a prize of \$25 00.

Class 14 Draws Saturday, Dec. 3, 1859.

Class 15 Draws Saturday, Dec. 10, 1859.

Class 16 Draws Saturday, Dec. 17, 1859.

26,220 PRIZES AMOUNTING TO

\$271,200

Will be distributed according to the following

GRAND SCHEME:

To be drawn every Saturday.

1 Prize of.....\$50,000 168 Prizes of....\$500

1 Prize of.....20,000 65 " " 125

3 Prizes of.....10,000 65 " " 100

3 " " 6,000 65 " " 80

3 " " 4,000 65 " " 50

3 " " 3,000 4,510 65 " " 40

3 " " 2,500 27,640 " " 20